

Macro-Symmetry about IHBO, Part 2

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Corresponding to Figs 2, 3, key points for each template are as follows:

- 2) **North America-West Arctica-Europe template**, the key point is between the Strait of Messina (an intersection of most emphatic N-S, E-W faultlines) and the N shore of Hudson Bay at Chesterfield Inlet (a similar intersection),
- 3) **SE Asia template**, the key point is between the North central coast of Vietnam and a parallel section of the Mekong River, and the Volcano Islands and a ridge associated with an ocean trench beyond.

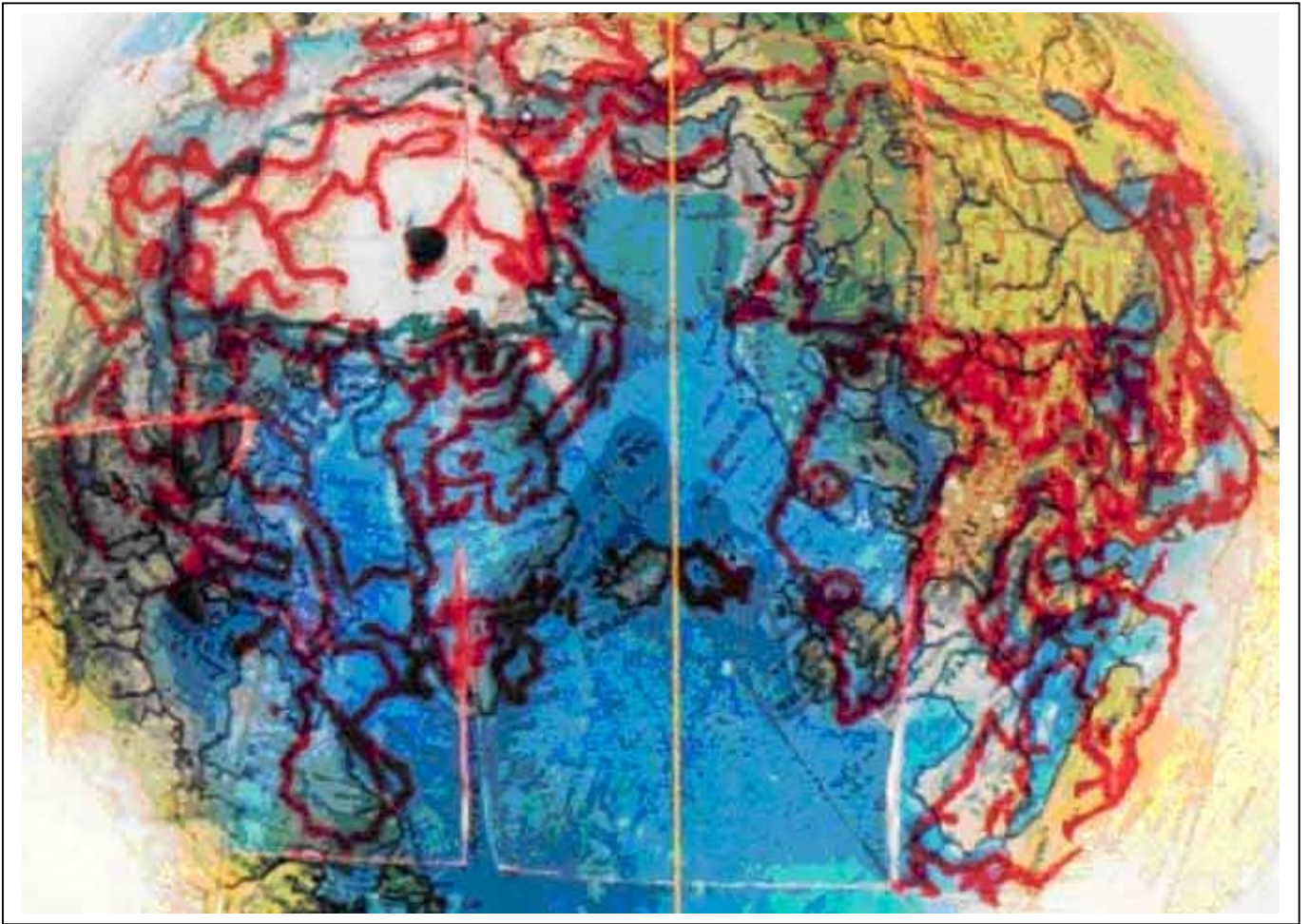
Coincidences between template potentials and underlying relics, particularly along the European Alps, Black Sea and Caucasus mountains, presumably indicate serm energisations ahead of sloping impactors.

Note strong Jig Saw Pattern effect in Fig 2, consistent with y.02 macro explanation. For each of the templates, impact, impact-adjacency relationships are evidently as follows:

NORTH AMERICA-EUROPE

1. Greenland coast-centred potentials follow the E, SE, and S coasts of Ireland, Solway Firth, Firth of Forth, Baltic and North Sea coasts of Poland and Germany, English Channel coast of England.
2. Baffin Bay potential coincides with Germany, consistent with 3.1, 3.4 idea of uplifts ahead of watery impacts.
3. Scandinavia has been heavily energised ahead of Greenland Basin, Greenland Sea impactors. Greenland-centred potentials follow the British Isles. Ireland potential consistent with SE Greenland oceanic impact.
4. Icelandic potentials follow the Faroe Islands,
5. IHBO points at and along the mid-Atlantic Ridge,
6. Svalberg potentials follow Northern Scandinavia,
7. Franz Josef Land potentials follow the far West Siberian N coast,
8. North and NW coasts of Baffin Island potentials follow the Upper Danube River
9. E Baffin Island potentials follow the European Alps,
10. N Newfoundland coastal potentials follow the Pyrenees,
11. N Quebec coast potentials follow the Barcelona, Sardinia coasts,
12. N shore of Hudson Bay at Chesterfield Inlet potentials follow the Messina Strait,
13. Continental coast of NW North America potentials follow Turkey and the Balkans,
14. Canada Basin elliptical head of AODI potentials follow the Caucasus Mountains, as anticipated in 4.3,
15. Centre of AODI elliptical head potentials follow the highest peak in Caucasus (Mount Elbruz),
16. The main bulk of AODI potentials follow the Volga, Don, Kana and Pechora Rivers. This overall AODI energisation may be centred at the mouth of the Volga River,
17. Islands and channels between NW Passage and W side of AODI potentials follow the Dneiper River and Carpathian Mountains,
18. Far E side of AODI potentials follow the Urals Mountains,
19. Various Canadian lakes potentials follow Cypress, Crete, Greece,
20. N opening of Hudson Bay potentials follow Italy, Sicily, Sardinia, Corsica,
21. SW Hudson Bay island potentials, lakes in Quebec potentials follow the Atlas Mountains,
22. **Note indications that Arctic North America-Greenland was a shallow sea or archipelago North of a continent prior to impact, consistent with 3.1, 3.4 ideas.**

Fig. 2: North America, West Arctica, Europe



SOUTH-EAST ASIA

1. Volcano Islands and shallows beyond adjacent ocean trench potentials follow the North central coast of Vietnam and parallel section of Mekong River,
2. Philippine Sea central shallows potentials follow the The Philippines,
3. Marianas Islands potentials follow the shallows between Vietnam and Borneo,
4. Marianas Trench potentials follow central Borneo,
5. Caroline Islands potentials follow the region encompassed by Suluwesi, Java, South Borneo,
6. Bismark Sea/Archipelago potentials follow the Flores, Sumbawa, Sumba,
7. New Guinea highlands potentials follow Timor,
8. Marcus-Necker Rise potentials follow the Malaya Peninsula, Sumatra,

Fig. 3: SE Asia



Continued in Part 3