

Foraze Effect. Coast, Continental Shelf Geneses

Abstract: This ebook's super huge impact (THESHI)-generated tidal wave ocean surf, geyser foam, rainout, ocean water penetrated multiscale impact-generated faultlines faster than magmas, preserved proof of THESHI Tectonogenesis in globally ubiquitous frozen symmetries: "FOam-RAInout-FreeZE (FORAZE) Effect"-ed symmetries. Highest mountains were least Foraze Effect-ed, deep oceans most Foraze Effect-ed: "Freeze Effect"-ed. The heaviest foams and rains surrounded most heavily impact-energised Pacific, Arctic Oceans, Americas, Australia, Asia, consistent with these regions' greatest uplifts, most extensive, graduated lowlands, continental shelves. Contemporary continental shelf ocean edges are where sea levels dropped to during a post-THESHI Ice Age. Great mass extinctions, great Ice Ages, Ice Age effects, tiers upon coastal lowlands, continental shelves and so on, were generally produced by huge, super huge impacts.

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Comment: Confirms earlier Vols 0-4 corroborations. See Vol y Slide Show in Appendices.

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INTRODUCTION

Recall v.002, Overview:

"SUPER HUGE IMPACT

Earth's unusual surface oceans preserve multiscale faultline symmetries and other regularities, consistent with super huge impact shock wave interference pattern fringe "inscription".

These "Freeze"/"Foraze" Effect-ed serm/serbil (explained below) patterns range from a global 8-fold, ($\frac{1}{2}$)³th order, ocean-continent rhythmicity to globally ubiquitous, nested, multiscale symmetries.

Also, spin-axial, polar inscription congruencies of Earth, Mars, Venus are concentric with hemispheric dichotomies.

Consistent with super huge impact tectonogenesis, otherwise inexplicable, this is extremely unlikely to have happened randomly.

Cometary super huge impact, a most likely extreme Solar System planetary event, produces energies and forces consistent with mass extinction, tectonogenesis

SYMMETRIES

THESHI-generated tidal wave ocean surf, geyser foam, rainout, ocean water penetrated multiscale impact-generated faultlines faster than magmas.

Highest mountains were least FOam-RAinout-FreeZE (FORAZE) Effect-ed, deep oceans most Foraze Effect-ed, indeed Freeze Effect-ed, 3.3.

MACRO GENESIS

Continental shelf edges are impressively macroed globally, observable using the Sketch Method, y.01 with sea contour maps. Refer to NEW GUINEA, CAPE VERDE, SE ASIA examples below.

Note reference to these examples in y.02, MACROS, Prescription. Vol y) Method application to contour maps obviously requires computerised use of digital data sets.

Continental shelves are thus evidently included in the overall THESHI ocean-continent re-configuration of Vols 0-4. This resolves an old paradox:

Continental shelves had seemed paradoxical. Pre-THESHI Impact coastal genesis, for example, implied an extremely unlikely random similarity with THESHI.

Continental shelves and other tiers, along with coastlines, river systems and so on, were thus now seen to be consistent with having been post- THESHI Foraze/Freeze Effect-ed, 3.3.

FORAZE EFFECT

Seawater would have foamed very high subsequent to THESHI, globally, consistent with the "2 week super huge earthquake" scenario of y.02, CORROBORATION, y.04, MACRO RECORDINGS, Oceanic Geysers.

Earth's oceans and low-lying lands would have been covered by a towering layer of earthquake tidal wave, surf-, geyser-generated foam and geyser rainout for many years.

These foams and rainouts would have been an effective fixative/cooling agent intermediate between air and ocean. The foams would have flowed and been blown far inland by the wind.

I thus propose for this post- THESHI period:

1. Maximal, Freeze Effect-ed fixation/depression/magmatic freeze of global inscriptions in deep oceans.
2. Intermediate rainout- and foam-generated Foraze Effect on extensive areas beyond Earth's oceans.
3. Intermediate fixation/depression/magmatic freeze of global inscriptions in shallows or lands that would become continental shelves, coastal shallows or lowlands, continental basins.

All of these lowlands were thus proscribed to remain as lowlands by graduated Foraze/Freeze Effects.

GRADUATED FREEZE EFFECT

Foraze/Freeze Effects affected the whole planetary surface to a varying extent depending on depth for oceans, altitude for continental rain, tidal wave, geyser flooding and foam:

Super huge continental rain, tidal wave, geyser flooding and foam for weeks, months, years; Huge to large continental rain, tidal wave, geyser flooding and foam, for 100s, 10,000s, 1,000,000s of years.

PARADOX RESOLVED

The Foraze Effect idea resolved a paradox, Vol 1's 1st macro-symmetry:

The ubiquity of symmetries even across continents, all continents. This problem seemed so serious that I wasn't going to mention it until I'd explained it

The 1st macro-symmetry showed them across central Asia. y.01's Sketch Method showed them almost everywhere, on the Tibetan Plateau and so on.

Oceanic Freeze Effect explanation of such ubiquity would have been contradicted by fossil evidence of extensive pre- THESHI continents and so on.

CONTINENTAL SHELF, COAST GENESES

Coastlines, continental shelf edges, river systems are generally multiscale symmetric, consistent with post- THESHI Foraze/Freeze Effect genesis, Vols x, 0-1, 3-4.

The heaviest foams and rains surrounded most heavily impact-energised Pacific, Arctic Oceans, Americas, Australia, Asia, consistent with these regions' greatest uplifts, most extensive, graduated lowlands, continental shelves.

Extreme evaporation of the oceans produced extreme cloud cover, resulting in an extreme post Phanerozoic Ice Age, extremely low world ocean sea level.

This was ended by the Post-THESHI period of Global Warming, due to an atmospheric CO₂ spike originating in THESHI super-abundant release of oil and methyl hydrate. I thus further propose that:

1. THESHI mass extinction was produced by the rapid, extreme Ice Age-Global Warming transition, a Double Whammy.
2. Pre-super huge impact coasts were further inland than contemporary coasts. Oceans were shallower.
3. Contemporary continental shelf ocean edges are where sea levels dropped to during a post-super huge impact Ice Age.

Their steep slopes are thus the effect of the Freeze Effect differential across them on an extreme magmatization of this critical period.

4. Coastal lowlands and continental shelves became slopes in the prelude and aftermath of this Ice Age. Falling and rising sea levels asserted a graduated Freeze Effect.

5. Coastal inscriptions became coasts following this extreme Ice Age. Small, insolation variation Ice Ages produced only short term, small variations of sea level.
6. Great mass extinctions, great Ice Ages, Ice Age effects, tiers upon coastal lowlands, continental shelves and so on, were similarly produced by huge, super huge impacts.

OIL

As explained in 4.16, OIL, WATER, SALT AND OTHER LIGHT MINERALS:

“Light minerals like oil, water, salt, quartzite have thus evidently been released super-abundantly to the surface, into crustal, sub-crustal strata.”

Most of the world’s oil reserves are evidently concentrated at continental shelves, low-lying coastal lands, continental basins, consistent with super-abundant release where least Freeze Effect-ed.

The evidence of the ubiquitous symmetries of these lowlands, Vol y), is that they have been largely Freeze Effect-ed, 3.3.

SUPER-ABUNDANT RELEASE

Oil has thus evidently been released super-abundantly where least Foraze Effect-ed.

Oil release has been inhibited by the same tidal wave generated surf, geyser foam, rainout that has evidently Foraze Effect-ed magmatic potentials.

OIL RETENTION

Oil has thus evidently been retained in lowlands that became: continental shelves, low-lying coastal lands, continental basins.”

NEW GUINEA

The strongest New Guinea rotational symmetries and associated macros are centred at D’Albertis Dome 9,840 feet, Central Range:

1. Cape at SW corner of Papua; Coincidence of this cape’s potential and relic reveals:
 - A strong symmetry of New Guinea’s mountain spine relic with its inverse potential.
 - “Head” of New Guinea (Tiendnawasih) potential corresponds to Solomon Sea relic and vice versa.
 - Bismark Archipelago potential is bisected by New Guinea Trench relic and vice versa.
 - S edge of Coral Sea potential follows Timor Trough relic and vice versa.

- Continental Shelf edge of Coral Sea potential follows Arafura Sea coastal relics and vice versa.
2. Lake Daviumbu at junction of Fly and Strickland Rivers; Coincidence of this cape's potential and relic reveals:
 - Cape York potential follows Arnhem Land relic and vice versa.
 - N side of "Head" continental shelf potential follows S edge of Solomon Sea relic and vice versa.
 - S side of "Head" continental shelf potential follows N edge of Coral Sea Basin relic & vice versa.
 - Coral Sea potential corresponds to Banda Sea relic and vice versa.

CAPE VERDE

The strongest Cape Verde rotational symmetries and associated macros are centred in the middle of Santo Antoa, Cape Verde Islands:

1. Islet 100 km NE of Sal; Coincidence of this islet's potential and relic reveals strong West African coastal, continental shelf symmetries.
2. Anti-clockwise rotations from there reveal strong symmetries between coastal, continental shelf potentials and Saharan Seamount, continental shelf relics, between coastal river potentials between Nouakchott and Freetown and continental shelf relics.
3. Islet 100 km E of Maio; Coincidence of this islet's potential and relic reveals strong symmetries between coastal, continental shelf potentials and offshore island, seamount relics.
4. Anti-clockwise rotations from there reveal strong symmetries between coastal river potentials and relics between Nouakchott and Freetown, between offshore island, seamount, coastal, continental shelf potentials and continental contour relics.

SE ASIA

1. A set of rotational symmetries and associated macros extends from Taiwan to Mindanao, centred at the ocean deep 120 km NE of Manila:
 - S end of Taiwan; NE end of Mindanao. Coincidence of these potentials with their relics reveals many symmetries, strong symmetries with or between continental shelf cliffs and so on:

2. Another important set is centred at the N end of the Gulf of Siam probably antipodal to a Peruvian coastal impact, at a latitude midway between Phnom Penh and Ho Chi Ming:
- Mount Thuillier on Great Nicobar Island; Junction of Mekong and Kong Rivers at Thalabarivat, Cambodia. Coincidence of these potentials with their relics reveals:
 - i. Coastal symmetries, between E coast of Malaya, W coast of Thailand,
 - ii. Symmetries between the mountains of NW Sumatra and Andaman Islands.
 - Coincidence of Andaman Basin potentials and relics so that the mountains of NW Sumatra follow the Irrawaddy River delta reveals:
 - i. A bunch of coastal-continental shelf symmetries,
 - ii. Symmetries within/between mountain ranges, W Thailand and Malayan Peninsula and so on.
3. Other sets are evidently centred in SE Asian seas antipodal to probable Amazonia-Andes impactors, 3.4, "DOUBLE WHAMMY EFFECT", Antipodal Component: South China, Sulu, Celebes, Banda Seas.

Continued as y.04-6